

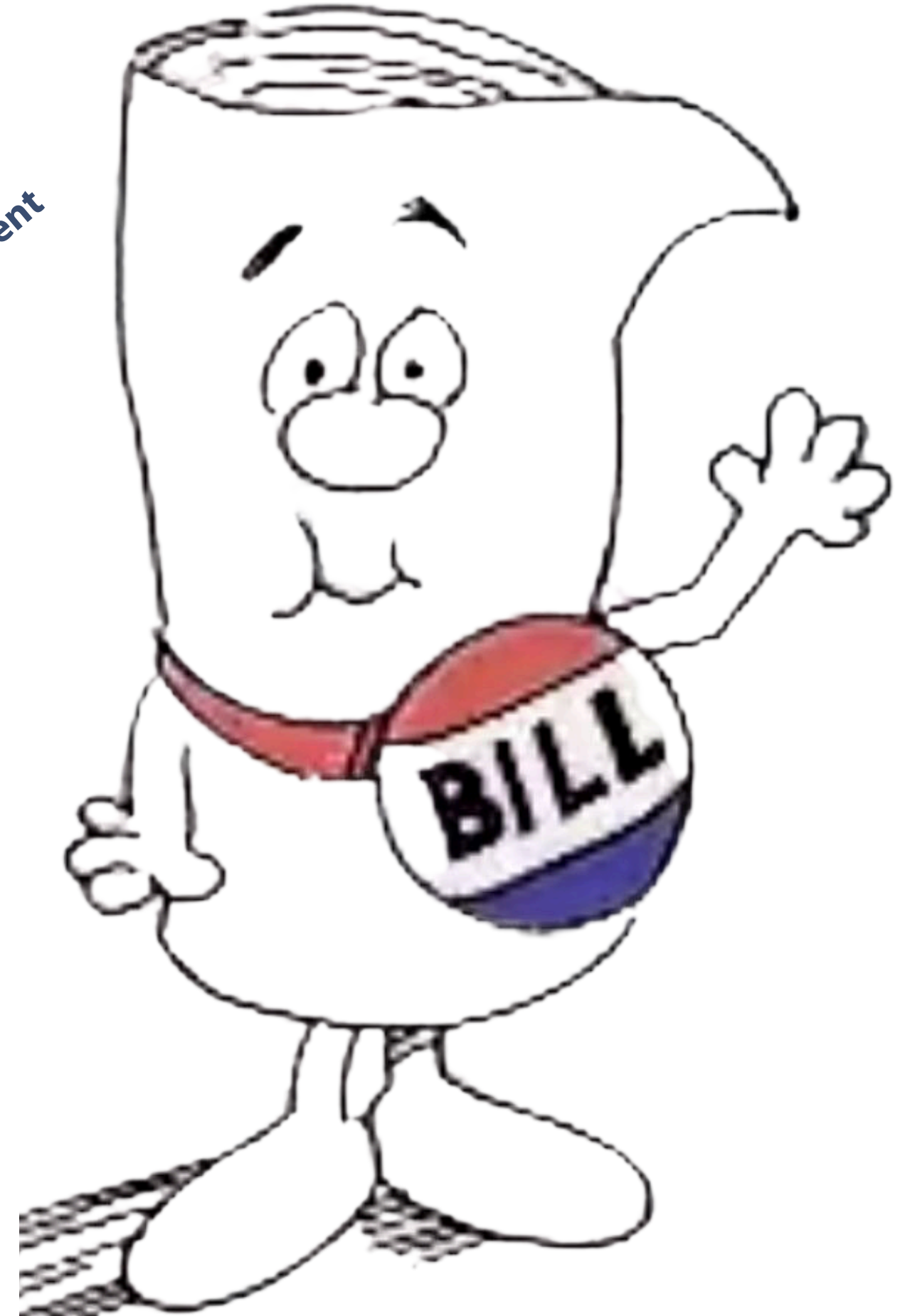
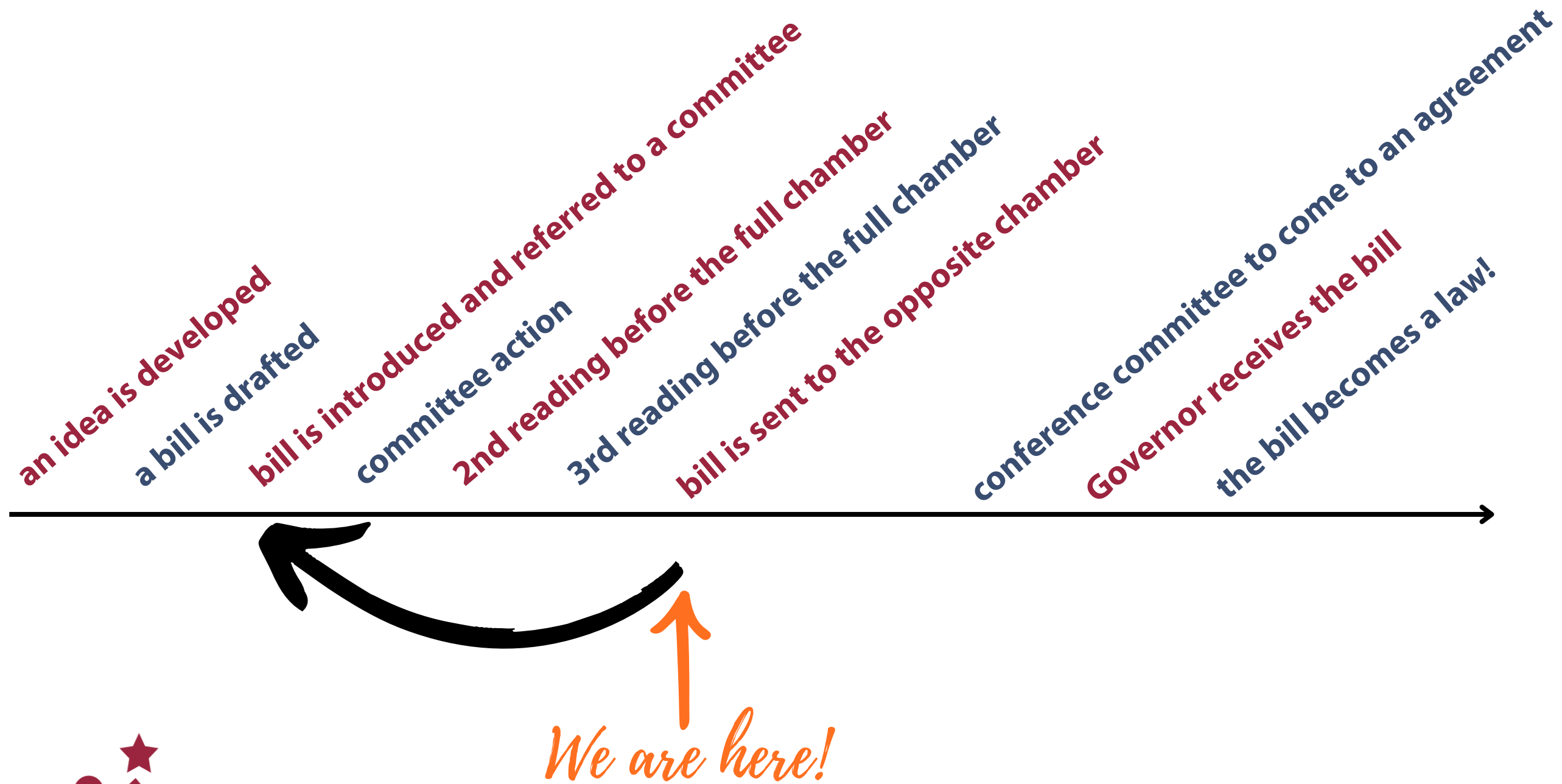
Legislative Update

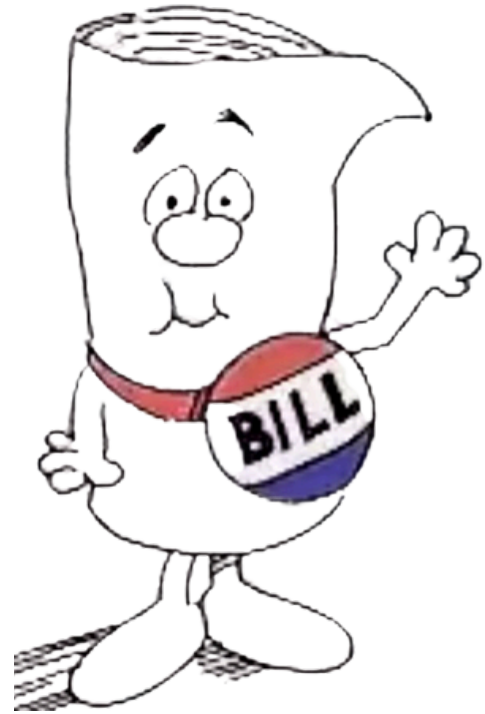
MCCOY Board of Directors Meeting
February 26, 2025

Sarah Kumfer
Public Policy and Advocacy Director
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How a bill becomes a law in Indiana





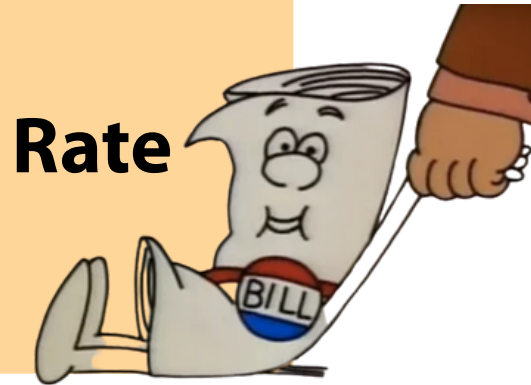
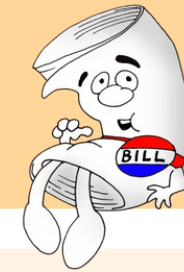
HOUSE BILLS

SENATE BILLS

TOTAL BILLS

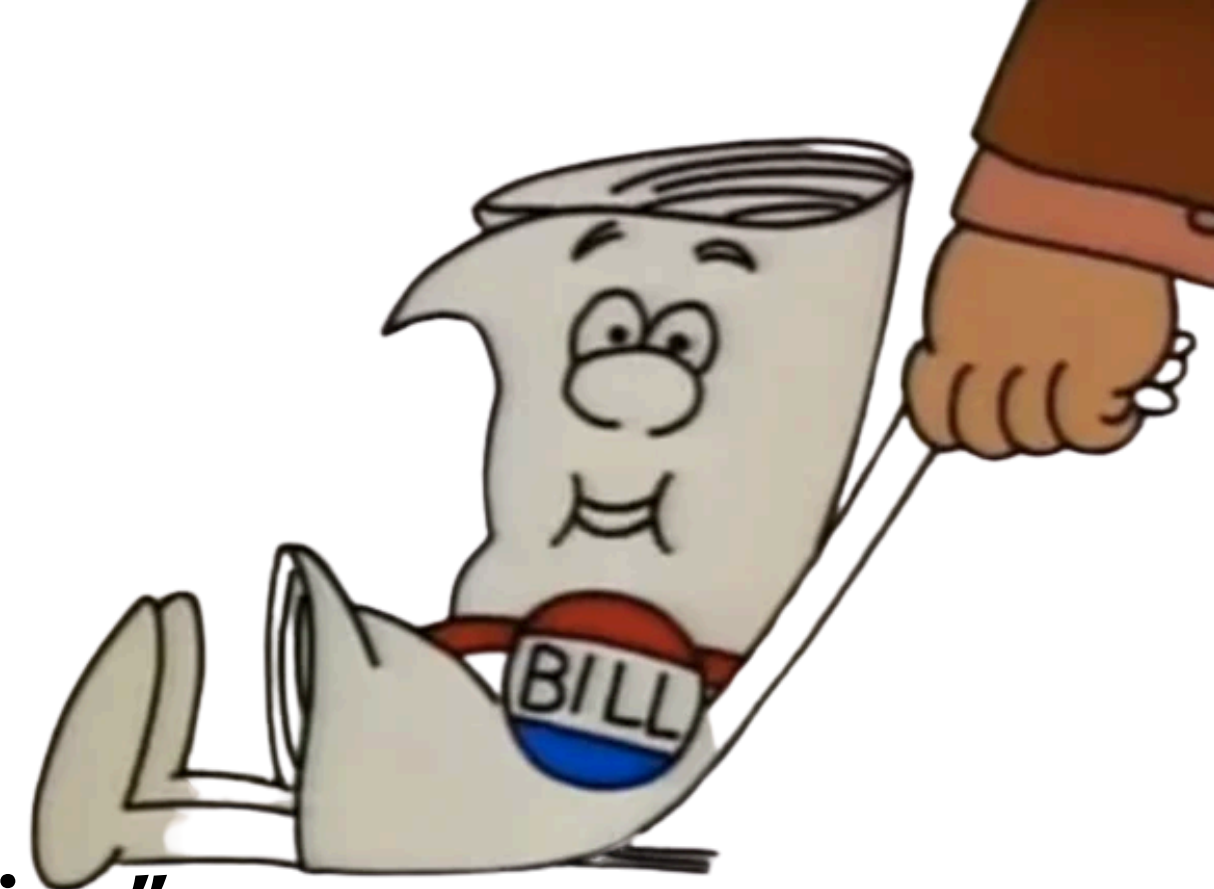
2025 legislative session: 1st half numbers

Introduced Bills	Passed Chamber of Origin	Died in first half	Pass Rate
708	178	530	25%
521	156	365	30%
1250	337	913	27%



• **HB1001, “State Budget”**

- Described as a “vanilla” budget that proposes modest increases in spending for services like education while maintaining two income tax reductions.
- \$46.7 billion budget, about a 5% increase from the 2023 budget.
- Increases K-12 tuition support by about \$560 million, or about 2% each year.
 - *dollars follow the student, so this money will be split among traditional public schools, charter schools, and private schools that receive vouchers.
- \$5 million cut to county public health departments, which received a whopping \$225 million in the last budget cycle.



• **SB289, “Nondiscrimination in employment and education”**

- Limits diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) efforts at the state and in schools, while requiring public disclosure of classroom lessons dealing with diversity-adjacent topics.
- Prevents any public money going to DEI consultants or promotion of DEI topics
- Bars state agencies and colleges from funding DEI offices or employees and from bestowing contracts or grants on entities that mandate DEI training.
- Lets Indiana’s attorney general sue for violations.
- “discussion or teaching” on DEI topics would be permitted in classrooms so long as the school “makes clear that it does not sponsor, approve, or endorse” those beliefs and concepts.

• **HB1531, “Various Immigration Matters”**

- States that local governments and universities would be prohibited from restricting immigration enforcement regardless of which agency does it.
- Would require authorities to notify the judge considering bail if a person in custody is subject to an immigration detainer and require them to comply with all requests made related to the detainer. It also allows the attorney general to defend any law enforcement officer or agency who carries out an immigration enforcement action in civil suits.
- Gov. Mike Braun in his first days in office ordered state law enforcement agencies to assist federal immigration authorities whenever possible and state lawmakers briefly considered requiring county sheriffs to participate in the 287(g) jail enforcement program.

THE STATEHOUSE SOUND-OFF



Following Indiana legislation that impacts Hoosier children, families, and the youth worker community

During the Indiana legislative session, follow along as MCCOY tracks and advocates for bills that impact children and families.

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